

# Optimisation of Fusion Plasma Turbulence Code toward Post-Petascale Era III

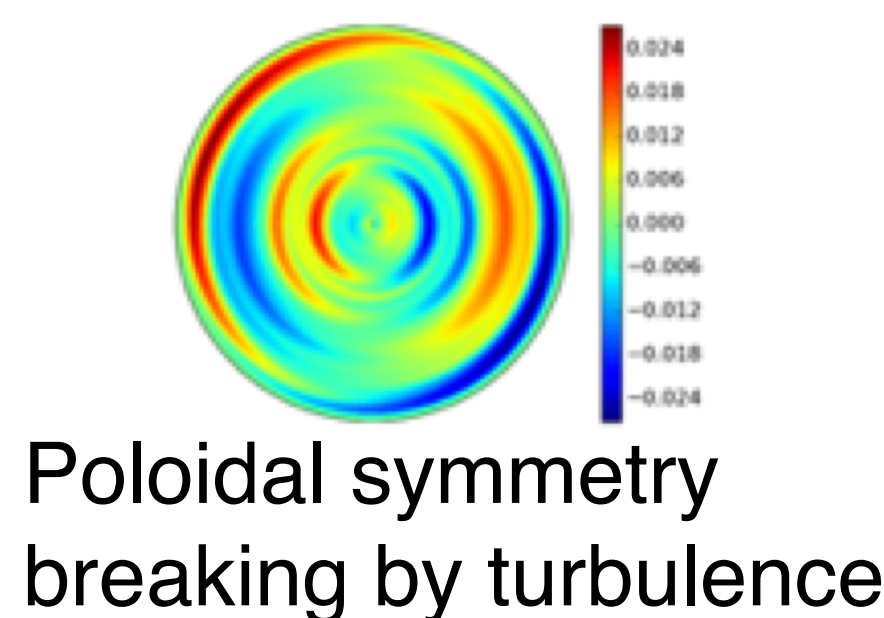
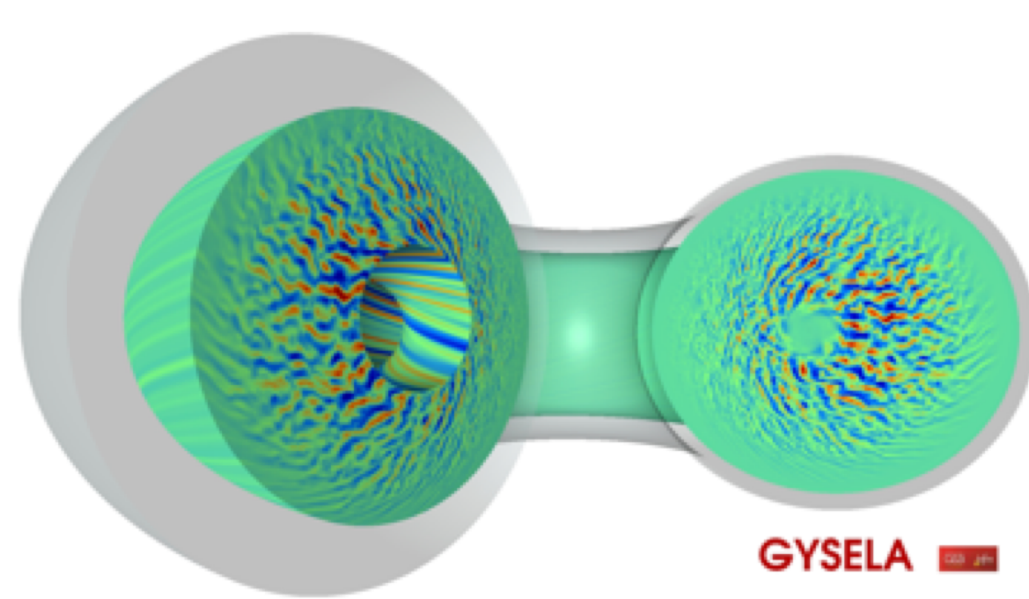
JHPCN

## Background: Plasma turbulence simulation

- First principle model for plasma turbulence transport → Predict the fusion reactor performance
- Resolving the machine scale (m) with the particle scale mesh (cm) → **5D** (3D space + **2D velocity space**)  
Velocity space structure due to collision-less features of plasma  $100^5 \sim 10^{10}$  stencil computation
- Concerning the dynamics of kinetic electrons, more computational resource is needed → Accelerators are key ingredients: **GPU** (porting completed in jh170020)

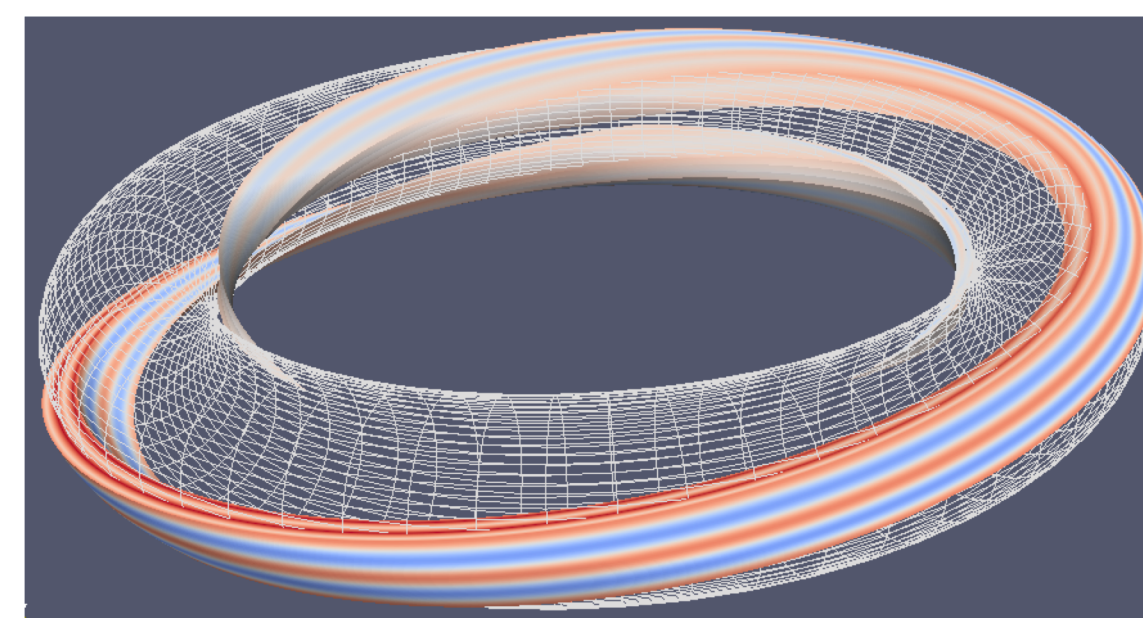
## Physical research plan: Kinetic electron model and particle transport

Global gyrokinetic code: GYSELA



- Self-consistent **plasma profile evolution**
- Simplified** physical models (no kinetic electrons)
- Computational cost **High** [V. Grandirard et al., CPC(2016)]

Local gyrokinetic code: GKV



- Fixed** plasma profile (local simulation)
- Advanced** physical models (kinetic electron)
- Computational cost **Low** [T.-H. Watanabe et al., NF(2006)]

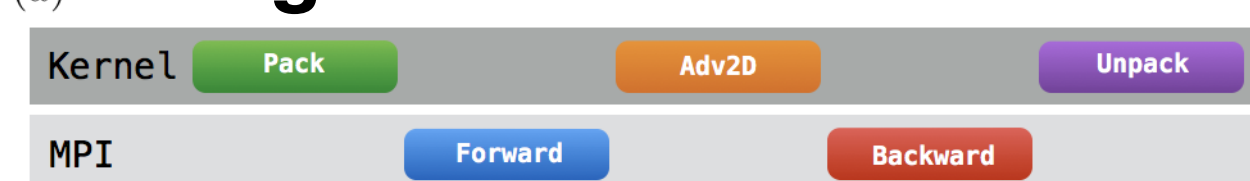
- Implement hybrid kinetic electron model in GKV and compare with the full kinetic electron model (low cost)
- Implement hybrid kinetic electron model in GYSELA which satisfies the physical requirements
- Investigate the impacts of symmetry breaking (figure above) on particle transport<sup>†</sup> with GYSELA

<sup>†</sup>Particle transport: Important mechanism for **fuel supply**, **Kinetic response of electrons** are essential

## HPC research plan: Task level parallelization + runtime

Pipelining 2D advection

Original



Batched

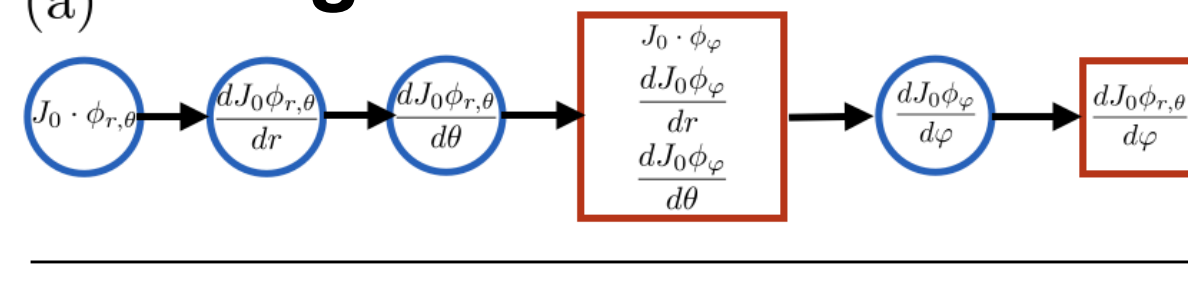


Overlapped

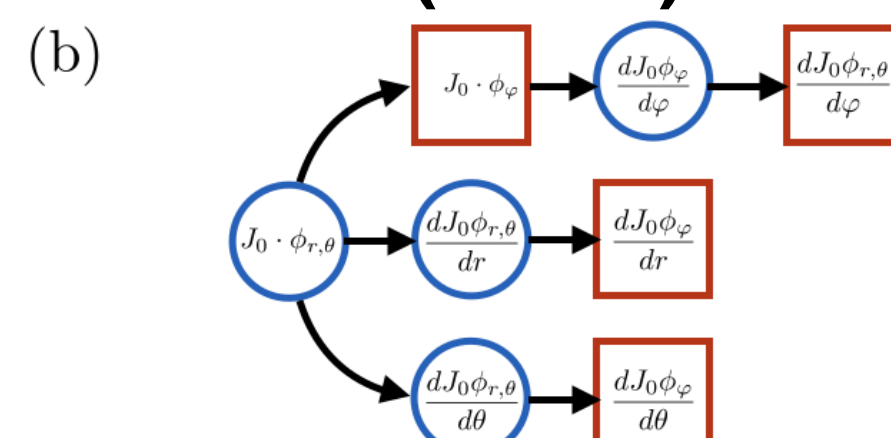


Task level parallelization (static)

Original



Task (static)



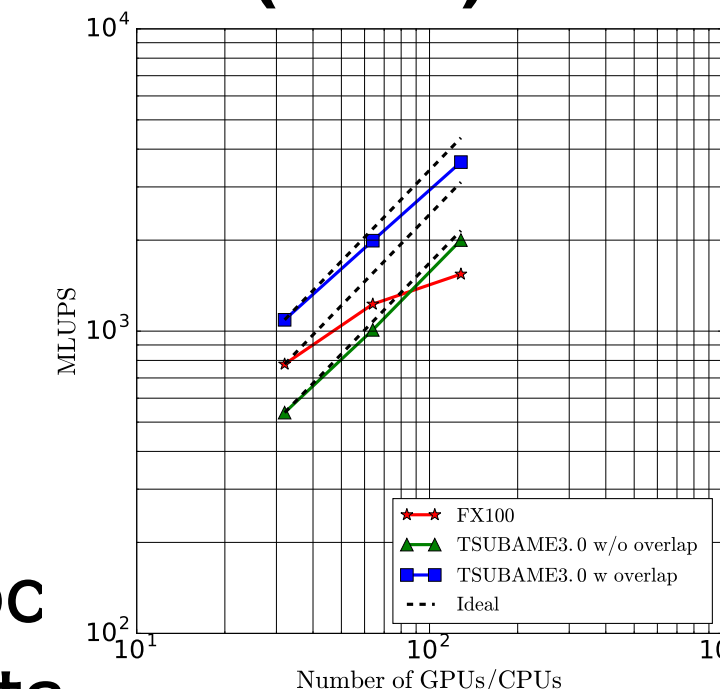
□ : Comm

○ : Calc

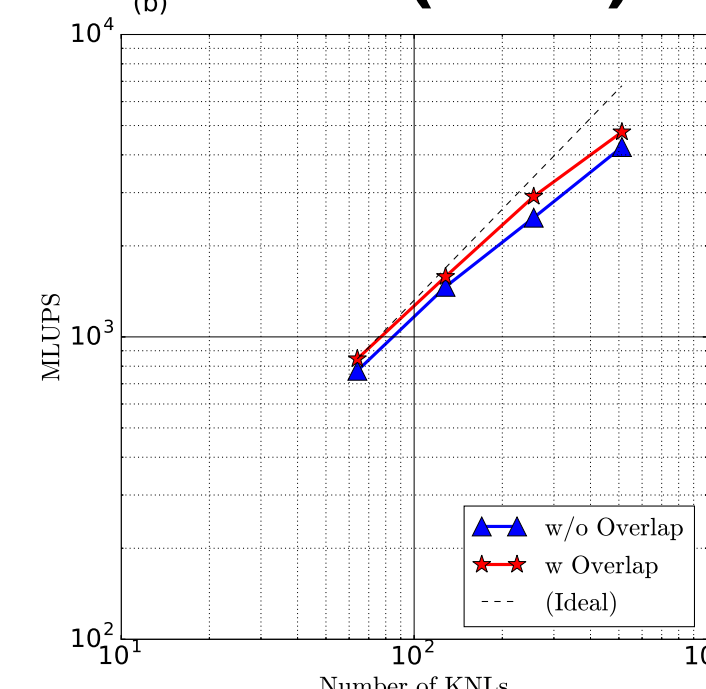
 $\phi_x$  : Each proc has all the data in x direction

Strong scaling

GKV (GPU)



GYSELA (KNL)



- Dynamic task level parallelization with a runtime like **Star-PU** or **OpenMP4**
- Improving performance with different problem sizes or parallel configuration

- H2D/MPI/D2H + Calculations overlapped

- Ratio of **Calc** to **Comm** changes with problem size

[C. Augonnet et al., Euro-Par 2009 (2011)]

## Collaborations: Kinetic electron model + Task level Parallelization

### French Group

#### Physics

- Turbulence profile interaction
- Impact of symmetry breaking

#### HPC

- Task-level parallelization** in GYSELA prototype
- GYSELA prototype on GPUs

### Japanese Group

#### Physics

- Develop kinetic **electron model**
- Characterize local transport

#### HPC

- Task-level parallelization** in GKV code
- Implicit collision operator

- Visiting CEA to discuss HPC and physical topics with G. Latu and X. Garbet (Q2 or Q3)
- Submitting physics (Q2 or Q3) and HPC (Q2) papers

### Research group and roles

Representative:	Y. ASAHl (QST)	Code development
Deputy Representative:	S. Maeyama (Nagoya Univ.)	Plasma turbulence
Deputy Representative:	G. Latu (CEA)	Task-level parallelization
Collaborating researcher:	X. Garbet (CEA)	Global plasma turbulence
Collaborating researcher:	T.-H. Watanabe (Nagoya Univ.)	Local plasma turbulence
Collaborating researcher:	T. Aoki (Tokyo Tech.)	Optimization on GPU
Collaborating researcher:	M. Ogino (Nagoya Univ.)	Optimization on CPU